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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/650,048	08/28/2003	Yasuhiro Matsuo	Q77203	7232	
23373	7590 11/22/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
SUGHRUE MION, PLLC			GLEITZ, RYAN M		
SUITE 800	2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W. SUITE 800		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTO	ON, DC 20037		2852		
			DATE MAILED: 11/22/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Comments		10/650,048	MATSUO ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Ryan Gleitz	2852			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.				
3)□	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	Disposition of Claims					
 4) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1, 3/1, and 6-9 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 2, 3/2, 4, 5, and 10-14 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 						
	on Papers	·				
 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 28 August 2003 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. 						
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment	t(s)					
2) D Notic 3) D Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 8/28/03.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

Specification

Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure. The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. The abstract is objected to because it exceeds 150 words.

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: "SUMMERY" should be --SUMMARY-- (p. 10, line 5).

The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Objections

Claims 4, 5, and 10-14 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improper form because a multiple dependent claim cannot depend from any other multiple dependent claim.

See MPEP § 608.01(n). Accordingly, the claims have not been further treated on the merits.

Claims 1-5, 7, and 9-14 are objected to because of the following informalities: in claim 1, lines 10 and 19, "said input gears" lacks antecedent basis; and in claim 7, line 2, "the driving means" lacks antecedent basis.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1 and 3/1 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Miyazawa et al. (JP 2001-134074).

Miyazawa discloses an image forming apparatus including a rotary (3), a rotary driving motor (9) for rotating the rotary (3), a plurality of development units (4, 5, 6, 7) each of which is mounted to the rotary (3). Conventional rotary developer cartridges as shown in figure 1 include a development unit is replaceable at a replacement position. Figure 2 illustrates a development roller (4a) for carrying developer and an input gear (14), a development unit driving motor (11) for driving the development roller (4a), a development unit driving gear (15) which is disposed outside the rotary such that the development unit driving gear can be selectively meshed with one of the input gears (14) and to which the driving force of the development unit driving motor (11) is transmitted.

A control device, CPU ([0021]), is for controlling the drive of the rotary driving motor (3) and the development unit driving motor (11), wherein during the image forming operation, the development rollers (4a) of the respective development units are set at the development position relative to a photoreceptor (8) by turns according to the rotation of the rotary (3) and, at the development position, the input gears (14) of the respective development units are meshed with the development unit driving gear (15) so as to drive the development rollers with the

driving force of the development unit driving motor (11) by turns, thereby achieving multi-color development.

The rotary is slowed down when it reaches a developing position ([0021]-[0022]). This reads on a rotary driving motor control means which controls the rotary driving motor (9) for the rotation of the rotary during the non-image forming operation such that the rotational speed of the rotary in a contact region where the input gear (14) collides with the development unit driving gear (15) is lower than the rotational speed of the rotary in a region other than the contact region.

Referring to claim 3/1, lever spring 23 and an damper 24 (abstract) are an impact absorbing means for absorbing an impact generated when the input gear (14) collides with the development unit driving gear (15) during the rotation of the rotary (3) in the non-image forming operation provided on the development unit driving gear side.

Claims 6 and 9/6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Nukui (JP 10-142886).

Nukui discloses an image forming apparatus comprising a developing device of a rotary development type having a rotary (81) on which a plurality of development units (31) are mounted, and a locking means shown in figure 5 for positioning the rotary in order to selectively set the development units at a predetermined position and for locking the rotary at the predetermined position.

The locking means comprises a lockable position (82) formed on the rotary side, a locking member (91) which is movably disposed on the body of the image forming apparatus

and has a locking position where the locking member (91) is engaged with the lockable position (82) to lock the rotary (81) and an evacuation position where the locking member is not engaged with the lockable position. See translation [0024].

Spring (108) is a shifting means for shifting the locking member (91) to the evacuation position, and a solenoid (not shown; [0024]) is a biasing means (108) for biasing the locking member to the locking position.

The locking member (91) has a contact portion, the angled part of the arm, which can come in contact with the lockable position (82) before the engagement with the lockable position (82) according to the rotation of the rotary (81).

Regarding claim 9/6, the position of the locking member (91) when it is not in contact with the lockable position (82) is a standby position on the locking position side and wherein the locking member is set at the standby position before the locking member is engaged with the lockable position.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any

evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 7 and 9/7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nukui (JP 10-142886) in view of Okazawa (US 5,471,292).

Nukui discloses the rotary image forming apparatus above including a driving means for the rotary. Nukui is silent on the problem of rotary overrun.

However, Okazawa identifies that rotary overrun is a problem found in rotary image forming apparatus. Even when a single drive is set for the stepping motor, the deceleration operation may become insufficient depending on a change in condition of the developers, and the like. In this case, the stepping motor causes an out-of-phase state, and the developer selection unit 1 does not stop at a required position, e.g., overruns a target stop position. (Col. 2, lines. 42-48). See figure 12 and 13.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made that the rotary device of Nukui would suffer from overrun taught by Okazawa to be common in developing rotaries because of inertial forces inherent in accelerating and decelerating the rotary.

Claims 8 and 9/8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nukui (JP 10-142886) in view of Hattori et al. (US 5,585,911).

Nukui discloses the rotary image forming apparatus above but does not disclose a power transmission control means.

However, Hattori discloses a rotary image forming apparatus including a driving motor (8) for driving the development unit (3) and the rotary (2), and a power transmission control means, clutch (11 or 12) for conducting the transmission and isolation of the driving force of the driving motor (8) to at least one of the development unit (3) and the rotary (2).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the drive means of Nukui with the power transmission control means taught by Kishigami to allow the development unit and rotary to share a single drive means which simplifies the construction of the apparatus and reduces cost.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 2 and 3/2 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ryan Gleitz whose telephone number is (571) 272-2134. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday between 9:00AM and 6:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Arthur Grimley can be reached on (571) 272-2136. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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